

Bonded Wearing Course Process, Materials, Construction

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History of BWC

- Developed in France in the late 8o's as a thin lift that doesn't delaminate. (Novachip)
- Was introduced in the United States in 1992, with test sections in Alabama and Pennsylvania DOT.
- By 1996, it was a nationwide process being used in the U.S.A.
- First application in CA- LA County in 1998
- First Caltrans application 2002 Hwy 50 over Echo Summit to combat chain wear
- Today, it is known as BWC Bonded Wearing Course.

What is Bonded Wearing Course?



Maintenance Technique that combines the best of two technologies

- Part Chip Seal
- Part HMA Overlay

From the chip seal

- Spray application that seals the existing roadway
- Application of .14-.25 gal/ SY of a polymer modified emulsion for bonding to and sealing of existing surface
- Quick process up to 50,000 SY per day



From the HMA overlay

- From the HMA overlay
 - Improved ride quality
 - Reprofiling
 - Quick return to traffic
 - No sweeping or fog seal needed
 - Use of gap or open graded, polymer or rubberized HMA to finish the process



Equipment

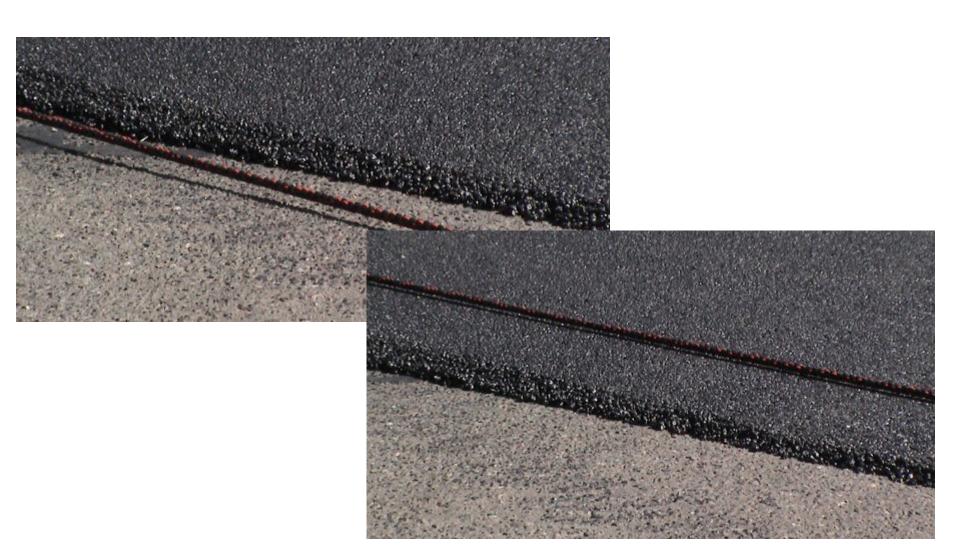


Conventional Paving Tack Coats



BWC Emulsion Membrane

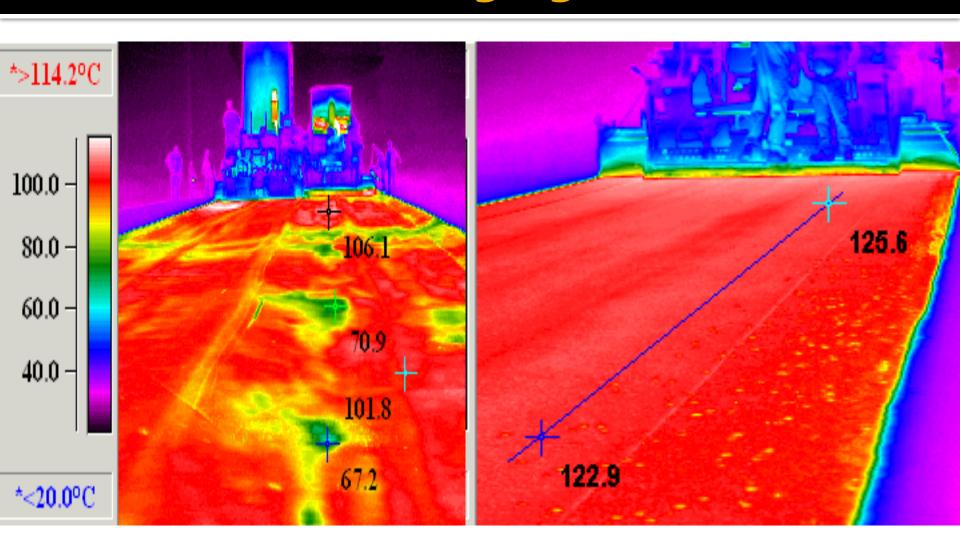
BWC ride quality improvement



MTV – Shuttle Buggy



Process designed to reduce thermal and mechanical segregation

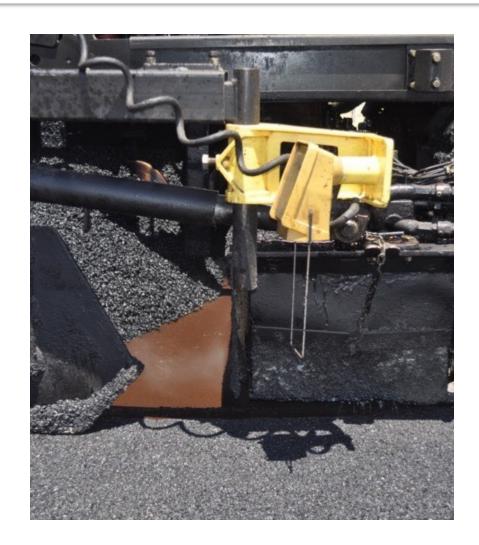


Emulsion Transport and Transfer



BWC Materials

- Polymer Modified Asphalt Emulsion Membrane
- Polymer Modified or Rubberized Asphalt Binder
- Gap or Open Graded Aggregate Gradation



The Process

The emulsion membrane "wicks up" around the HMA aggregates

3/4" minimum Depth of Mix The emulsion cures, bonding the mix & pavement

3/8"
Nominal Ag
Size

.14-.25
Emulsion
membrane
depth

Sisting Pavement

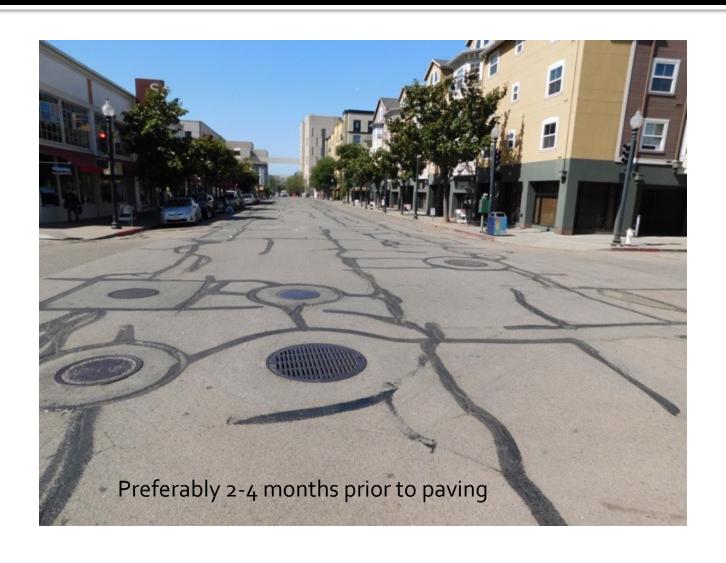




BWC Candidates

- Roads that have a PCI of 55-60 or better
- Collectors
- Arterials
- Connectors
- Highways
- Residential
- Private

Prep Work – Crack Fill



Prep Work - Repair localized failures





Prep Work - Grinding



Finishing Work – Raising Iron



Other prep work





BWC Construction

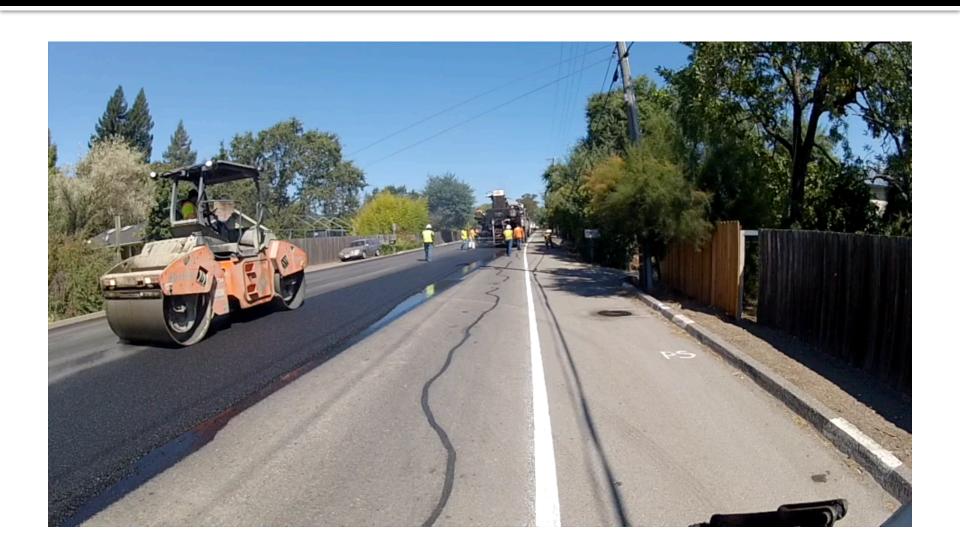
- Conventional Paving Practices – except for layout – NO hotlaps
- Emulsion Application Rate:
 - 0.14 0.25 gal/yd²
- Lift Thickness:
 - Typically ¾" .1'
- Finishing:
 - Method 2 coverages with a minimum of two rollers in static mode



BWC Construction

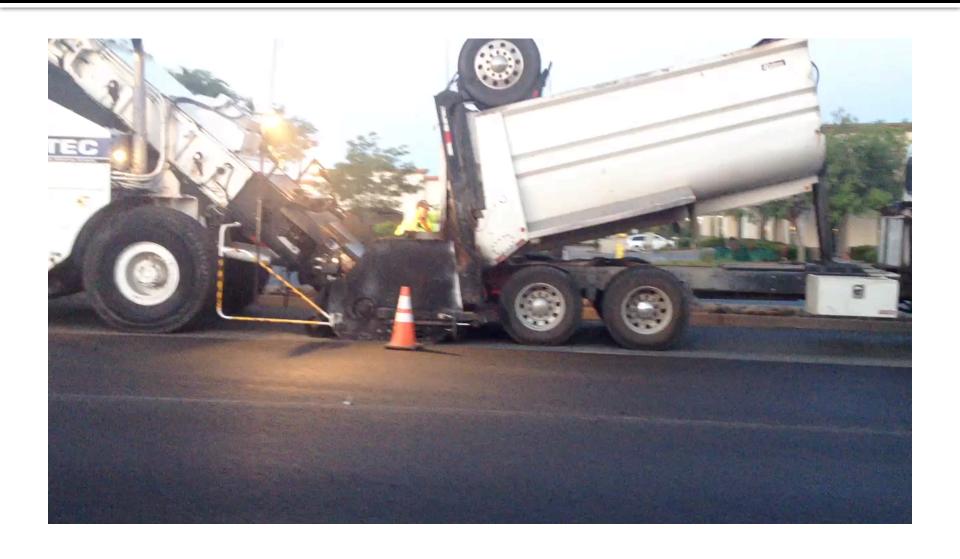


BWC Construction





Speed of Construction



Does it work?



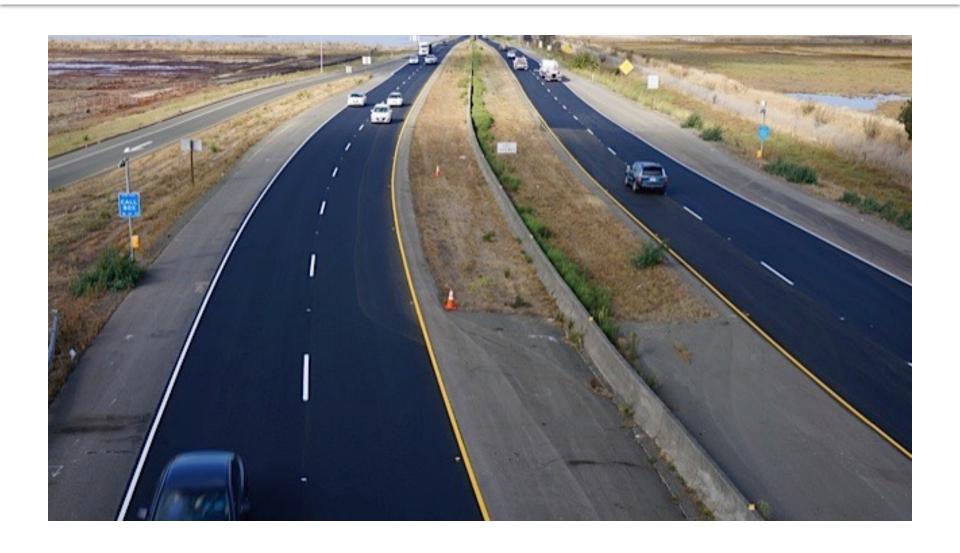


15 Years as of May, after picture taken last week

CALTRANS District 4 – HWY 37



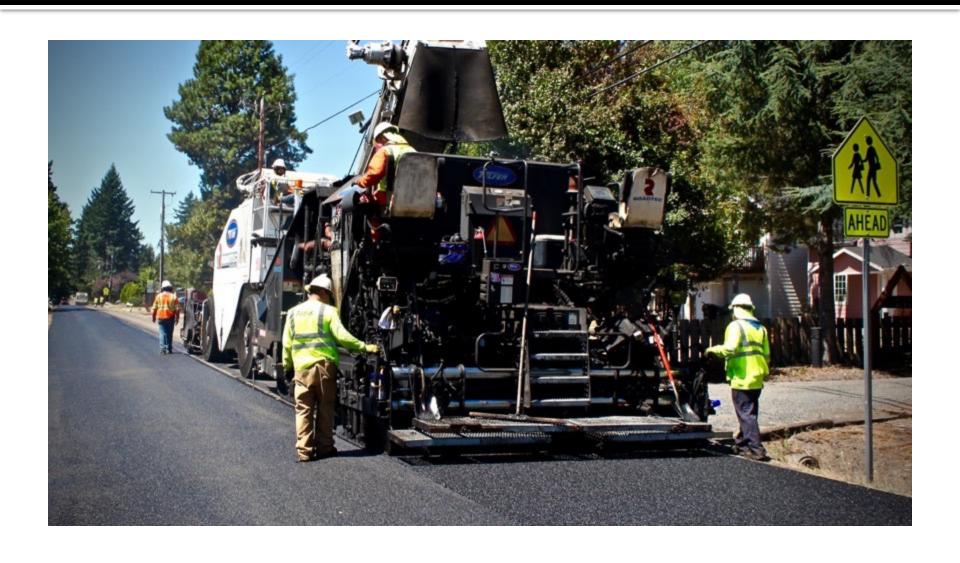
Highway 37



Sonoma County – BWC - 2013



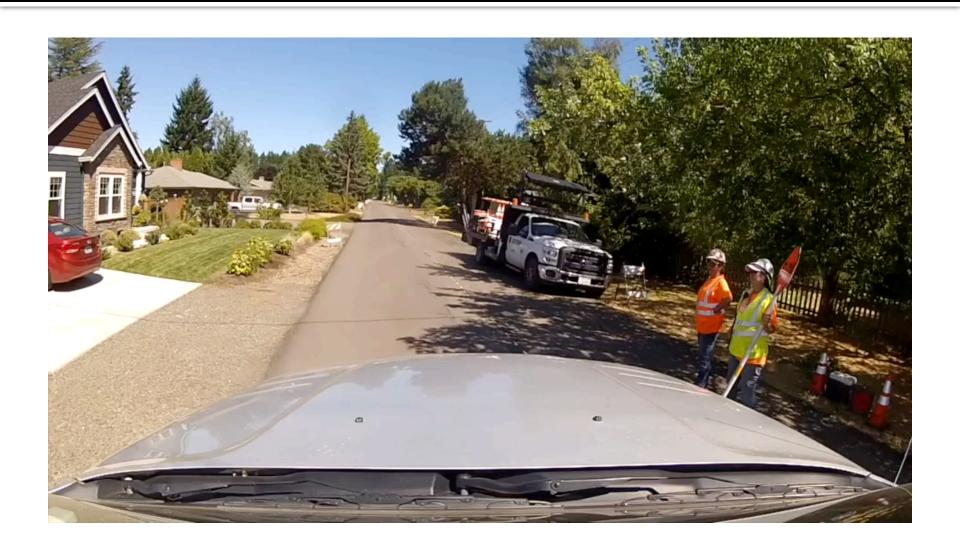
City of Hillsboro - 2015



City of Hillsboro - 2015



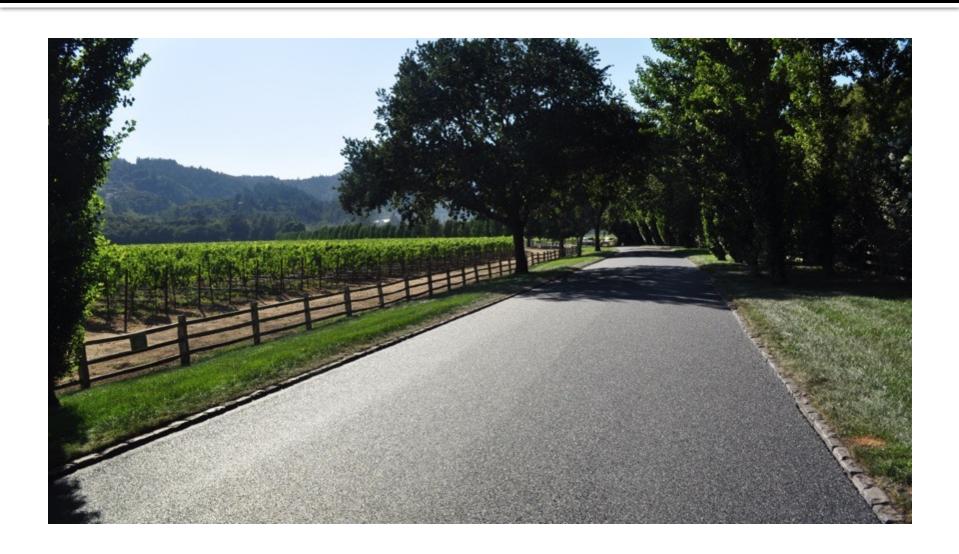
City of Hillsboro - BWC



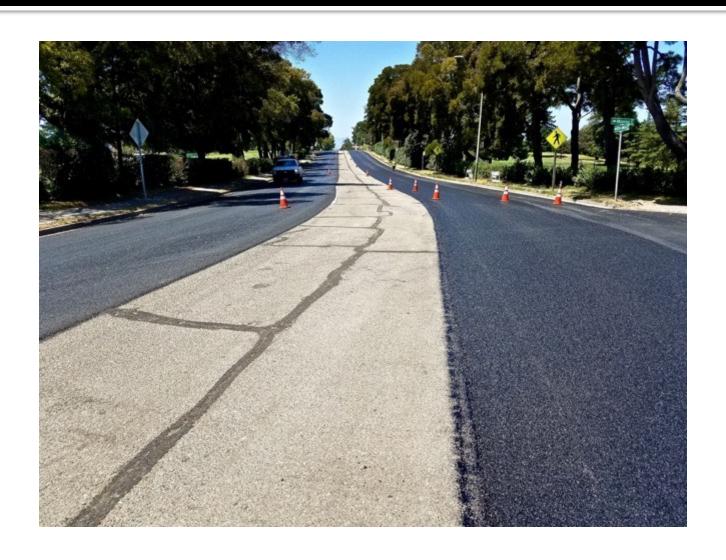
March 2017



BWC – Far Niente Winery



City of Oakland - 2017



City of Oakland - 2017



Local Agency Experience

- Project Selection
- Outcomes
- Challenges & Improvement Areas
 - Hillsboro
 - Vancouver

So, does it work?

YES.

■ Thank you.



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