Preservation & Multi Lift Treatments





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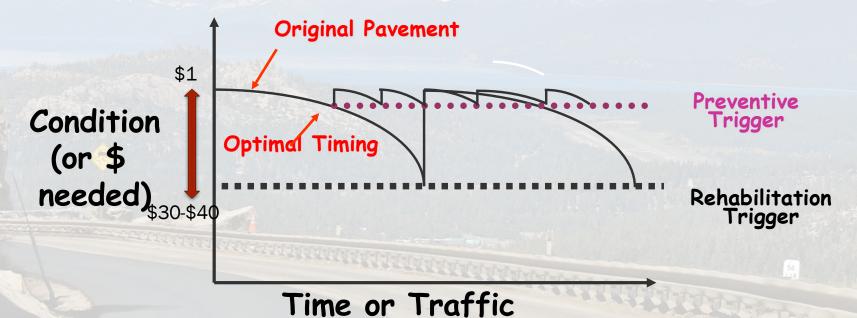
Before we start... GO...



The first question is: Preservation or Rehab?

- Why do we choose rehab vs preservation treatments?
 - Familiarity?
 - Ease of bidding?
 - Constituents want "their street done"
 - Pressure from local contractors?
 - "That's what we always do.."?
- What if we could help change the mindset by:
 - Showing the value of preservation
 - Show products that work through data and studies
 - Build trust (in us, yes... contractors, and our products)
 - Show added value by combining technologies for more benefit

How do/have we show(n) the value?









THE CURVE of course...

Then what do we do? Tell the story in pictures...

Pavement Preservation - What it IS



Chip Seal

Fog Seal

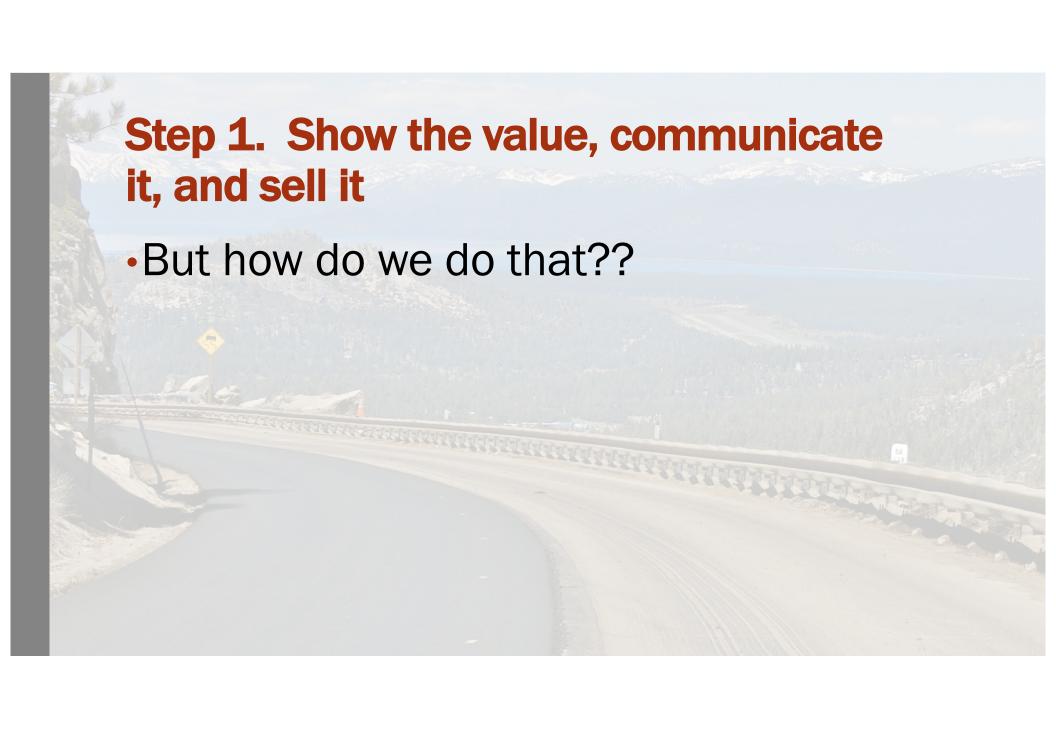
Keep the good roads good







- Help you, the engineers, public works directors maintnenance workers tell the story you need to tell...
- To your:
 - Board of Supervisors
 - County Supervisors
 - City Councils
 - City Controllers
 - And most importantly,
 - Your local residents



What is the story? Value and Longevity. \$1.5M worth of "Rehab vs Preserve"

The City of Novato, CA had ~300 lane miles of road and a \$1.5M budget for:

- pavement reconstruction & rehab
- maintenance
 - Typical Breakdown
- \$1M for reconstruction and rehab
 - •\$500K for maintenance

What did they get for their dollars?

Reconstruction ~ \$35.00 per yd² (This is CA of course)

(4" mill and fill with HMA)

• $1M \div 35/yd2 = 28 \text{K yd}^2 \text{ or } 4.05 \text{ LM}$

Cost of maintenance ~ \$4 per yd²

(Scrub seal with micro surfacing finish (ie: cape seal))

• \$500K÷\$4/yd2 = 125K yd2 or 17.8 LN

Results: 21.85 LM repaired per yr.

300 LM/21.85 LM/YR = \sim 14 Yr Roadway Cycle

SAME \$1.5M "Preserve vs Rehab" Different approach – vastly different results

\$1M for Preservation - \$500M for Pave & Rehab

Pave and Rehab $$500K \div $40/yd^2 = 12,500 yd^2 = 1.8 LN Mi$

Cost of maintenance $\sim 4.00 per yd^2 $$1\text{M} \div $4/\text{yd}^2 = 250\text{K yd}^2 = 35.5 \text{ LN Mi}$

Results = 37.3 LM Preserved

300 LM/ 37.3 LM/YR = 8 Year Road Preservation Cycle

Step 2. Show the value through data and studies.

Metropolitan Transportation Commission –

Street Pavement Condition Index

City	County	Year	PCI
Novato	Marin	2001	71
Novato	Marin	2002	68
Novato	Marin	2003	66
Novato	Marin	2004	64
Novato	Marin	2005	63
Novato	Marin	2006	68
Novato	Marin	2007	70
Novato	Marin	2009	74
Novato	Marin	2010	75
Novato	Marin	2011	71
Novato	Marin	2012	70
Novato	Marin	2013	71



- Data from outside sources like:
 - NCAT Test Track
 - Western Regional Association for Pavement Preservation (WRAPP)
 - Chico State Pavement Preservation Association
 - In CA, Caltrans Maintenance Technical Advisory Guide
 - In your state, what resources do you have??

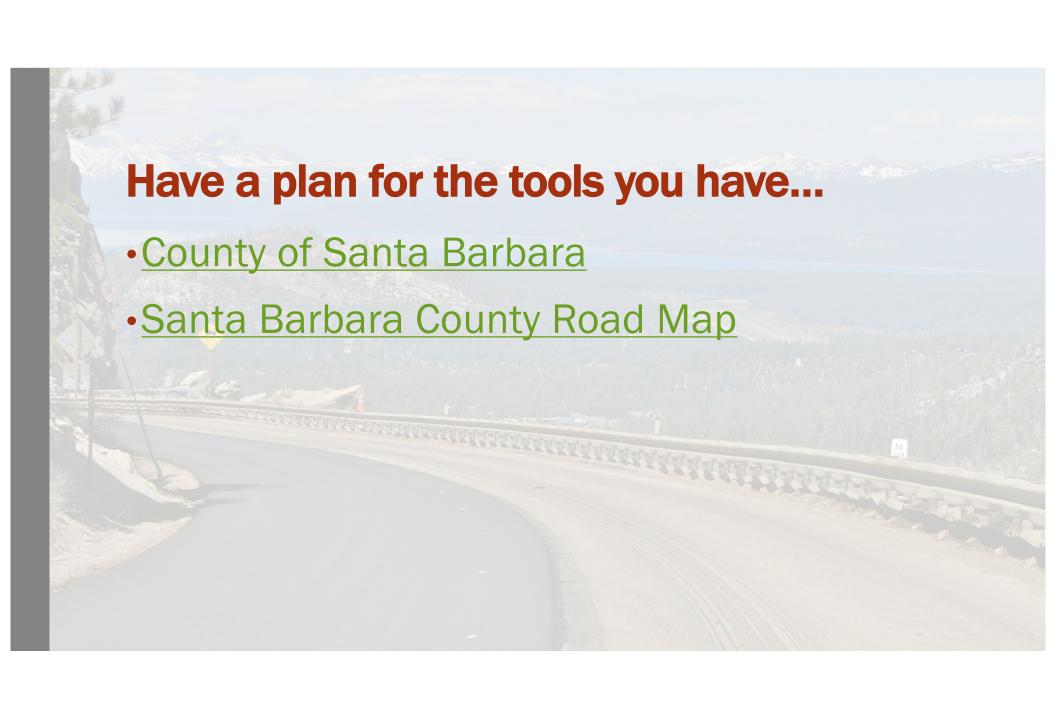


Pavement Preservation on Lee Road 159

- 1. Rejuvenating Fog Seal
- 2. Fibermat
- 3. Control
- 4. Control
- 5. Crack Seal (CS)
- 6. Single Layer Chip Seal
- 7. CS + Single Layer Chip Seal
- 8. Triple Layer Chip Seal
- 9. Double Layer Chip Seal
- 10. Microsurfacing + Single Chip (Cape) 23. HMA Thinlay (50% RAP)
- 11. Microsurfacing
- 12. CS + Microsurfacing
- 13. Double Layer Microsurfacing

- 14. Fibermat + Microsurfacing (Cape)
- 15. Scrub Seal + Microsurfacing (Cape)
- 16. Scrub Seal
- 17. Distress Demo Section
- 18. Fibermat + HMA thinlay (HMA Cape)
- 19. HMA Thinlay (PG 67-22)
- 20. HMA + 100% Foamed Recycle Inlay
- 21. HMA Thinlay (PG 76-22)
- 22. Ultra Thin Bonded Wearing Course
- 24. HMA Thinlay (5% PCRAS)
- 25. HMA Thinlay (High Polymer)





			Rut	ting	Climate				Traffic Volumes					
Preventive Treatments	Raveling	Oxidation	Bleeding	<1/2"	>1/2"	Desert	Valley	Coastal	Mountains	adt < 5000	adt>5000<30,000	adt >30,000	Night	Cold
Crack/Joint Seal														
Emulsion	gN .	€ N G	FNG	N	Ν	NG G	g	G G P	2 373 00	G	G	G	N/A N +	0.30 N
Modified (Rubber)	g/	N _G	F N G	N	N	NG G	G	GGP	24,000 G	G	G	G	N/A G +	0.30 G
Seal Coats			·					,						
Fog Seal (See note 1)	9	G	G N G	N	N	NG G	Ğ	G G P	31,000	F	F	N	0-0.20 0-0.20	_{V/A} P
Rejuvenator (See note 1)	G	G	_ N	N	N	,G	Ģ	G O	G	G	F	N	N	N
Scrub Seal (See Note 4)) ය	G G	FN G	N	N	NG P	Ġ	G G F	27,000 21 ,0 00	G	F	N	V/A N +0.5	0-1.0 ©
Slurry Seals														
Type II (See note 1)	Ь	Ğ	G N G	N	N	G G P	Ġ	G G F	65,000	G	G		V/A N +0.5	
Type III	G	\mathbf{G}_{c}	GNG	F	N	G G P	G	G G G	65 ±0 00	G	G	G	V/A N +0.5	0-1.0
REAS	G	G G	G N G	F	N	n G g	G	G G P	F	G	G	G	N	N
Microsurfacing														
Type II	G	; G	g N g	G	F	F G G		G G P	65,7000	G	G	G	G +1.2	0-4.0 N
Type III	છ્	Ğ.	G N G	G	G	PG G	Q	G G P	6 (79 00	G	G	G	G +1.5	0-3.50
Chip Seals														
PME - Med. Fine (See Note 4)	ල	G G	G N G	F	Ν	FG G	Ğ	G F G	60,000	G	G	N	N +1.2	0.250
PME - Medium (See Note 4)	Ĝ	G	G N G	F	N	F G G	Ğ	G F G	85 <u>.0</u> 00 85,000	G	N	N	N +1.5	0-3.5 0
PMA - Medium (See Note 3.)	G	G	N	F	N	G	G	G	G	G	G	N	N	G
PMA - Coarse (See Note 3.)	G	G G	g N G	F	Ν	_G G _G		G G G	45,000	G	N	N	N +1.2	0-4.0
AR - Medium	G	Gë	G N G	F	N	e G €		G G G	6 (7) 00	G	G	N	G +1.2	0-4.0 © 0-3.50 G
AR - Coarse	, Q	G	G N G	F	N	GG G		G G G	65,000 125,000	G	N	N	G +1.3	0-3.30

	Alligator "A"	Type of Cracking Alligator "B" Alligator "C" Longitudinal/Transverse								
Criteria Width	Low Medium High <1/4" >1/4", <1/2" >1/2"	Low			Low Medium <1/4" >1/4", <1/2"	=	Alligator "B"			
Criteria	Low	Medium			Low	Medium	High			
Width		<1/4"	>1/4", <1/2"	>1/2"		<1/4"	>1/4", <1/2"	>1/2"		
		or	or	or		or	or	or		
Area		<10%	>10%, <20%	>20%, <30%		<10%	>10%, <20%	>20%, <30%		
Preventive Tro	eatment									
Slurry Seals										
Type II (See note 1)		F _F	_N N	N	F N N	N F F	N NN F	P N P		
Type III	F	P	N	F P	N F	P N F	P P			
Microsurfacing					<u> </u>					
Type II (See note 2)		G ^G	F (See Note 4)	N N	G P (See Note 4)	N F P	P PN P	P N P		
Type III		G ^G	F (See Note 4)	P P	G P (See Note 4)	P F P	P P N P	P N P		
Chip Seal										
PME - Med. Fine		G	P		N	G	F (\$ee Note ‡)	N		
PME - Medium		G _G	F (See Note 4)	N See Note 4)	G N F (See Note 4) G G	N G G G	F (See Note 4) P	P P		
PMA - Medium (See Note 3	.)	G _G	g P F(s	See Note 4) See Note 4)	G P G	F G G	F (See Note 4) G	F F G		
PMA - Coarse (See Note 3.)	G	P (See Note 4) F (S	See Note 4)	P F (See Note 4)	G	F (\$ee Note 4)	P		
AR - Medium		G _G	G (See Note 4) P (See Note 4) P (See Note 4)	See Note 4)	GF G	G G P	F GF N	F F F		
AR - Coarse		G ^G _N	F (See No. 2) F (S	See Note 4)	G F F (See Note 4)	F G F	F GP P	P F P		



To Preserve and Maintain



Using the Right Layer at the Right Time

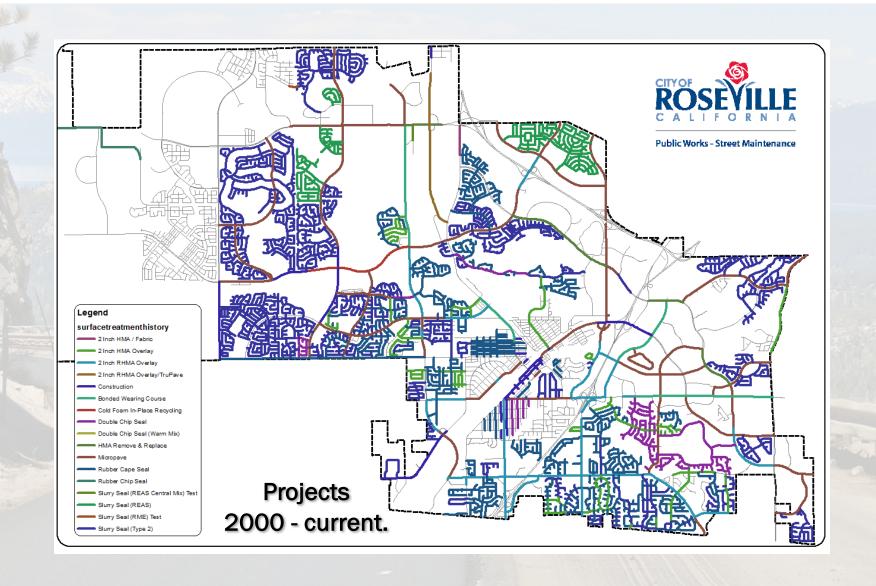
 Use your pavement management system (PCI & PQI) with age of the street to help determine the resurfacing layer.

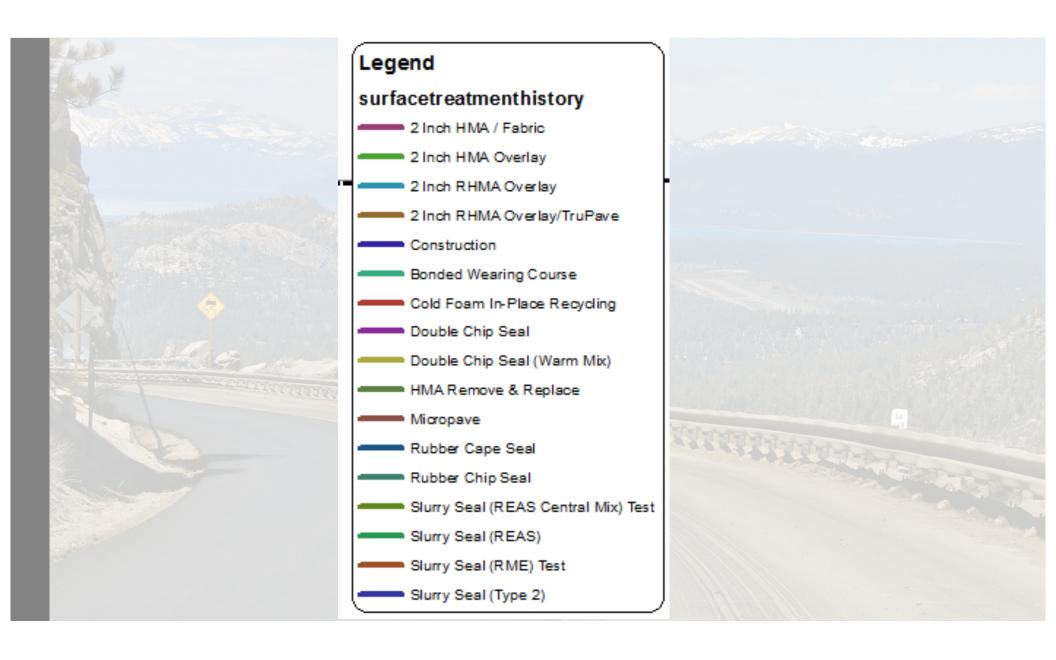
Rating	Treatment					
80-100	Slurry Seal/ Single Chip					
50-79	Chip Seal / Cape Seal/ Multi Layers/ Overlay					
0-49	Reconstruction					

Treatments and Layers

- We have many tools in our resurfacing tool box to choose from:
- Slurry Seals (5-10 yrs.)
- Cape Seal (10-15 yrs.)
 - Residentials / Arterials
- Double Chip Seals (10-15 yrs.)
- Bonded Wearing Course (10-15 yrs.)
- Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay (HMA)
- Rubberized Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay (RHMA)

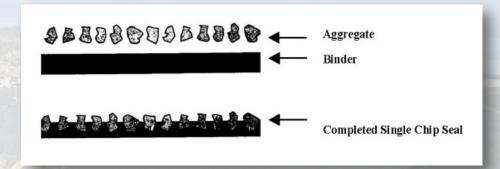




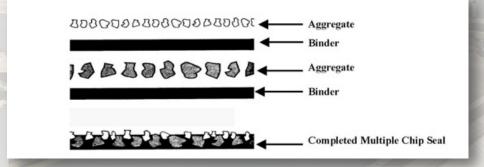


Chip Seals

No ADA Upgrades necessary



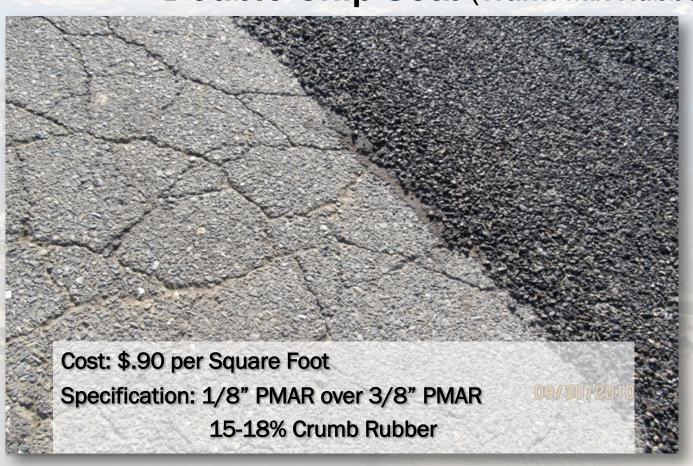
Single Chip Seal



Double Chip Seal











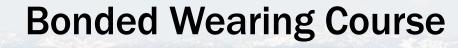












A thin lift (½-1 inch) of asphalt, aggregate, and polymers placed over an emulsion membrane.













...combined with micro surfacing







Example 3:

- Micro
- Chip
- Slurry

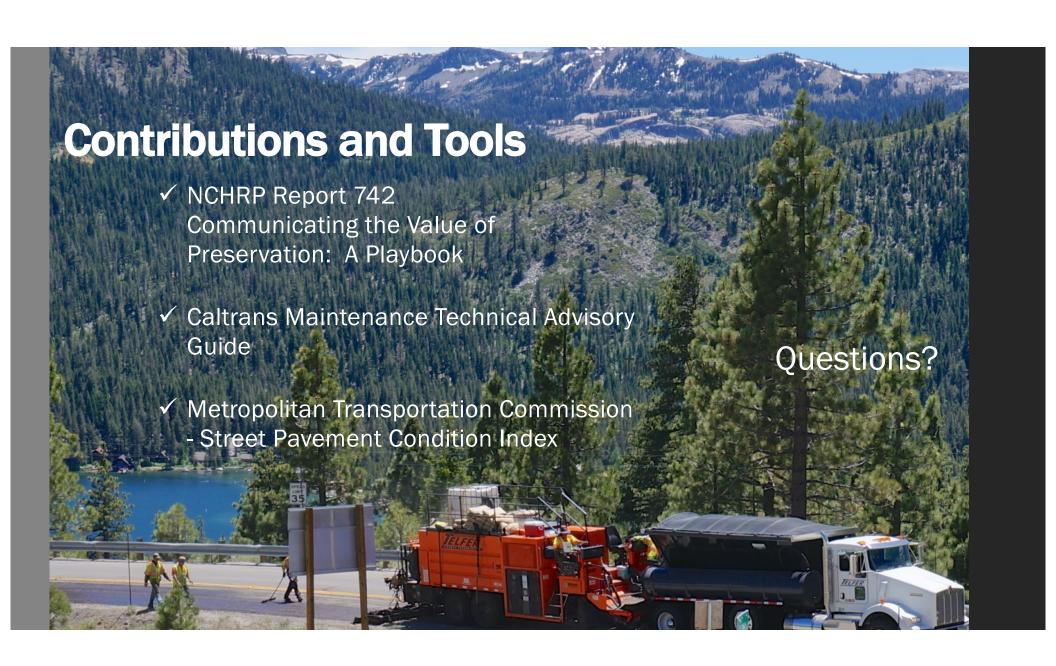
Seals,
wearing
surface,
long term
preservation



Recap

- Step 1. Show the value of preservation to help them sell it
- Step 2. Show products work through data and studies
- Step 3. Build trust and confidence in the products
- Step 4. Show added value by combining technologies for more benefit

All of these things will help your local engineer be better able to communicate the value of our products.



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