

Steven Clark PhD



Chemistry 101 / Winter Maintenance

I-80 near Cle Elum

Steven Clark PhD

Field Application Scientist What's That Mean?





Why Use Products ?



Bacon Slider



Why Use Products ?

Some of us just cope well



... because we just have skills.



Why Use Products ?

But the real reason we use products ...



... it's just plain scary if we don't.



Before 1862, people didn't use snow plows, they used snow rollers.

Horses, shovels, and carts were the norm for Departments of Street Cleaning.





In 1862, Milwaukee became the first major city to adopt a snow plow.

It was a hit!





The Blizzard of 1888

New York City experienced 4 feet of snow with 20 foot drifts leaving 400 people dead in two days.

Cities recognized the need for a proactive method to remove snow during the event and not waiting until the storm passed





By 1925 – 17 million Cars

The American public depended and the automobile and demanded safer roads.

City public works used salt by the tons and experimented with cinders and sand.





1959 – Space Technology

The first satellite images were available for weather forecasting.

Now, we can get radar on our phones.





A Quick Video on Success







Current Techniques and Equipment













It's your responsibility to keep your surfaces safe and clear.

Stop snow and ice from bonding to your surfaces while accelerating melting.

- BULK GRANULAR DEICING PRODUCTS
- SALT & SAND TREATMENT PRODUCTS
- ENHANCED LIQUID DEICING PRODUCTS

Bulk Granular Deicing Products



Well Graueu Sait

A supreme, medium-grade granular deicer engineered to cut through ice much faster than any other product of its kind.



Let's do a quick demonstration!

Exothermic reactions, all salts are not created equal.....

 $CaCl_2$

Bulk Granular Deicing Products

Red Salt vs White Salt Blend



Conditions					
Salt		300 lbs. per lane mile			
PreWet at Spinner		Brine at 10 gal/ton			
Тетр:	7am	9F			
	12pm	-1F			
	5pm	-5F			
Wind:	5 - 15 MPI	H			

January 3, 2015

Fargo, ND



Red Salt: Level of Grip / Surface Temperature vs. Time



Testing Continued . . . Bounce and Scatter



10.75"

Apparatus

Treatment 0 gal/ton

The images depict the bounce and scatter patterns of 50 g of aggregate dropped through a funnel from a height of one foot. The untreated aggregate has the largest particles scattering the furthest from the center of the pile with 4 gal/ton performing the best.



Treatment 1 gal/ton



Treatment 3 gal/ton



Treatment 2 gal/ton



Treatment 4 gal/ton



Recommendation to WSDOT:

For a minimum application, 2 gallons/ton provides good coverage of the aggregate and greatly improves performance.

WSDOT chose 3 gallons/ton treatment



Chloride based liquid pre-treatment

Treating a stock pile with (MgCl₂ based) or (CaCl₂ based) liquid onto granular material powerfully enhances the melting performance of the stock pile, particularly at colder temperatures. These products can be applied to a stock pile in advance or as it is being delivered. Treating the entire stock pile prior to application to the roadway eliminates the need for pre-wetting saddle tanks.

Red Zone 100% Non-Effec	Features	Application Rate	nph
Orange Zone 33% Effective			
Yellow Zone 67% Effective			
Green Zone 100% Effective	One Ton Salt Stock Pile	6-10 gallons SOS	Ļ
Green Zone 100% Effective			
Yellow Zone 67% Effective			
Orange Zone 33% Effective	One Ton Sand Stock Pile	4-6 gallons SOS	
Red Zone 100% Non-Effec			

* Michigan DOT Bounce and Scatter study



Deicing & Anti-Icing

We know it's your responsibility to keep your surfaces safe and clear so take pride in delivering peace of mind. High-performing solutions assist in your deicing and anti-icing problems; letting you focus in other areas of need.

Enhanced Liquid Deicing Products

Enhanced Liquid Product Tests

Effective Freeze Points 1:1 with Water

CaCl₂ CaCl₂ (Enhanced) MgCl₂ MgCl₂ (Enhanced) NaCl NaCl (Enhanced)



Enhanced Liquid Deicing Products Anti-Icing A liquid anti-ici event – hard ice

Enhanced Liquid Deicing Products



Compared to traditional salt brine enhancers, AMP solution maintains friction **4 hours longer** at the beginning of a storm. Tests also show that for anti-icing, AMP recovered friction **5.5** hours sooner than conventional enhancers.^{*}

*Test completed in Fargo, North Dakota.

Level of grip Surface site 1 AMP Level of grip Surface site 2 Brine/GeoMelt



Infrastructure exists to make snow removal, easier and more efficient.





ConnDOT Salt vs. Sand Mix

(2008)

Salt Cost	Factors	Abrasives
\$56.00	A Purchase Cost/ton	\$ 60.00
	B Cost of added salt/ton (14%)	\$ 8.40
	C Mixing cost	\$1.00
\$56.00	D Total Cost (per ton)	\$ 69.40
300	E Pounds per lane mile	750
\$9.00	Cost / lane mile	\$26.00

Cost to treat one lane–mile Salt vs. Sand (approximately) Does not include spring clean up



Environmental Impacts

- Reduce Chloride impact on roadside foliage
- Lessons Learned about Smog and Sand
- Post winter aggregate clean up



Environmental Impacts

- Reduce Chloride impact on roadside foliage
 - Know your weather forecast
 - Warm weather coming can you lower your app rate?
 - Leave salt on road longer prior to plowing more dilution
 - Solution to Pollution is Dilution
 - Use enhanced product Less is More!



Environme

- Lessons Learned about Smog
 - Reduction of sand on Denver roa
 - The City of Denver has a chemica

effect).

1. Since CDOT began using Liquid products, they have reduced the consumption of sand used for winter road treatment in Colorado by up to 50%. This results in cleaner air and vastly reduced PM10 (particulate matter contributing to Colorado 's "brown cloud"



Environmental Impacts

- Post winter aggregate clean up
 - Black Gore Creek Vail, CO

Approximately 2,400 truckloads of sediment were removed from the area. Project personnel began noting fish activity soon after water flows were restored. "This was really extraordinary of CDOT, and so The removed sediment was then used by CDOT and the Town of Vail important for our rivers." - Jon Stavney, Eagle to construct a berm to protect area neighbors from noise and light **Casualty commaissipatent** commercial vehicle chainup station.





Scenario 1

Ambient Temp = 0 F
Surface Temp = 5 F
4" of snow on ground and still snowing.
- the snow is dry, roads are snow packed, no sun at 3:30 pm.

 $MgCl_2$ or Enhanced CaCl₂ at your recommended app rate followed by plowing when liquid undercuts the pack (typically within ~30 mins to minimize refreeze).



Scenario 2

Ambient Temp = 28 F Surface Temp = 25 F Snow event 3 hours old and still snowing and is averaging 1"/hour. Due to high water content, traffic is compacting snow fall to hard pack / ice.

Option 1

Plow and use solid salt for deicing. Standard application rates that work in your location.

Option 2

Liquid deicer (Na, Mg, or Ca) in the trouble spots to quickly break hard pack, followed by standard solid salt application.



Depending on Product availability:

Liquid deicers for cold dry snow and solid deicers for warm wet snow.



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