# Linking Strategic Targets to Pavement Management Recommendations

## Katie Zimmerman, P.E. Applied Pavement Technology, Inc. (APTech)

**NWPMA 2011 Conference** 



providing engineering solutions to improve pavement performance





## **Issues Addressed at the Strategic Level**

- What level of investment should be made in pavements?
- How should funding be split among programs?
- What are the agency's priorities?
- What are reasonable performance targets?
- What are the impacts of money diverted for expansion or congestion projects?

## Types of Information Provided By Pavement Management

- Elected Officials
  - Current and projected pavement conditions
  - Funding recommendations
  - Long-term implications of various funding levels
  - Justification for funding requests
  - Advocacy for certain programs



## Types of Information Provided By Pavement Management

- Senior Agency Management
  - Justification for funding needs
  - Consequences of alternate actions
  - Recommended strategies



## Types of Information Provided By Pavement Management

- General Public
  - Documentation showing how funding was used
  - Agency priorities and initiatives
  - Upcoming projects
  - Current and expected conditions

# How Can You Communicate The Information Effectively?

## Who Is Your Audience?

- Illinois General Assembly
  - 15 Lawyers
  - 14 With No College Degree
  - 8 Criminal Justice/Political Science Degrees
  - 6 Business/Finance/Accounting Degrees
  - 3 Education Degrees
  - 3 Communication/Journalism Degrees
  - 2 Farmers
  - 1 Engineer
  - 1 Doctor
  - 8 Other Degree
  - 6 Unknown

- Typical Working Day Activities
  - Highway and pavement issues
  - Transit services
  - Municipal airports
  - Shipping
  - Trucking regulations
  - Municipal roads
  - School bus safety

Hobbs, 2<sup>nd</sup> NA Conference on Managing Pavements

- Decisions must be considered within an overall transportation context
  - Decisions support corridors of economic and social significance
  - Consideration given to:
    - movement of people
    - movement of trucks
    - support of tourism
    - quality of life provided to the public



- Factors Affecting Policy Decisions
  - Roadway pavements are highly visible
  - Politics influence decisions, but relevant information from technical staff is important

- Need dependable data about the highway system
- Need to be aware of expectations and priorities of certain groups
- Need projections of future needs and future pavement performance
- Need legal boundaries within which to operate
- Need to know what options are available and the implications of each



## What Are They Looking For?

- An obvious message
- Graphics
- Consequences
- Differences from current practice
- Benefits conveyed in social terms

## **Use of Performance Measures**

- Document whether desired outcomes are being met
- Convey trends
- Communicate your story
- Improve accountability



Physical Condition



Safety



Congestion

Environment

## **SMART Method of Evaluating Measures**

- Specific
- Measurable
- Achievable
- Results Oriented
- Timely

## **Performance Targets**

• A specific measure of performance that the agency hopes to achieve





# Methods of Presenting Pavement Management Information

# **Pavement Condition Trends**



# Telling the Story With Pictures

#### Level of Service "F"





#### Level of Service "B"

GASB34	STATUS	REPLACEMENT VALUE	CONDITION*					TOTAL UNMET	
			٧G	G	F	Р	VP	твр	NEED**
323	222000000000000000000000000000000000000			1020			12122		1222022
X	269 centerline miles	\$261,600,000		27%	15%	24%	34%	30	\$57,000,
	65 centenine miles	<u>\$2,405,670</u>						х	
		\$264,005,670	3	3		3			\$57,000
	GASB34	GASB34 STATUS   X 269 centerline miles 65 centerline miles	GASB34     STATUS     REPLACEMENT VALUE       X     269 centerline miles 65 centerline miles     \$261,600,000 <u>\$2,405,670</u> \$264,005,670	GASB34 STATUS REPLACEMENT VALUE VG   X 269 centerline miles 65 centerline miles \$261,600,000 \$2,405,670 \$264,005,670	GASB34 STATUS REPLACEMENT VALUE CC   X 269 centerline miles 65 centerline miles \$261,600,000 \$2,405,670 \$264,005,670 27%	GASB34     STATUS     REPLACEMENT VALUE     C ONDIT VG     C       X     269 centerline miles 65 centerline miles     \$261,600,000 \$2,405,670     27%     15%	GASB34 STATUS REPLACEMENT VALUE VG G F P   X 269 centerline miles 65 centerline miles \$261,600,000 \$2,405,670 27% 15% 24%	GASB34STATUSREPLACEMENT VALUEVGGFPVPX269 centerline miles\$261,600,000 \$264,005,67027%15%24%34%S65 centerline miles\$264,005,6701111	GASB34STATUSREPLACEMENT VALUEC ONDITION*X269 centerline miles\$261,600,00027%15%24%34%55 centerline miles\$2,405,670\$264,005,6701111

# Use of GIS

#### **Current Conditions**



#### Current Budget - \$10m



#### Unlimited funds - \$70m



## **Asset Management Plans**

- Background
- Description of services provided
- Description of current & targeted conditions
- Program descriptions
- Financial requirements & funding strategies
- Performance metrics
- Commitment to users



# Are We Presenting The Right Information?

## **Financial Sustainability**

- An assessment of the financial sustainability involves a comparison of:
  - Long-term financial capacity (resources)
  - Long-term financial requirements

http://www.ipwea.org.au/bookshop/aifmg/



## **Consider This**

- You currently do not own a car
- You have \$11,000 in savings
- A new car costs \$20,000 plus \$1,000 in fees
- A 4-year old car costs \$10,000 plus \$1,000 in fees

This example is taken from the Australian Infrastructure Financial Management Guidelines, Version 1.1., 2000 published by IPWEA



## **How Do The Options Compare?**

- Service Consider reliability, maintenance, and features
- Purchase Cost Consider the need for financing
- Operating Costs Consider registration, insurance, fuel, and maintenance
- Cost Savings Both options save \$80/month
- Residual Value in 5 Years Used: \$4,000; New: \$10,000 less balance of loan due (\$6,000) = \$4000)



## **Additional Annual Costs of Each Option**

Activity	Used Car	New Car
Loan Repayment	\$0	\$1,482
Operating Cost	\$5,050	\$4,550
Depreciation (5 years)	\$1,400 (\$7000/5)	\$2,200 (\$11,000/5)
Subtotal	\$6,450	\$8,232
Less Savings	(\$960)	(\$960)
Total	\$5,490	\$7,272

## **Financial Sustainability Metrics**

- Asset Sustainability Ratio
- Asset Consumption Ratio
- Asset Renewal Funding Ratio

## **Asset Sustainability Ratio**

- What? Asset replacement expenditure/Annual depreciation expense
- Why? Helps you determine whether assets are being replaced or renewed at the same rate as they are wearing out
- Values will vary depending on the age of the assets
- Target: 100%

## **Asset Consumption Ratio**

- What? Depreciated replacement cost/Current replacement cost of the same assets
- Why? It gives you an indication of the aged condition of the physical assets
- Typical values are between 40 and 80 percent

## **Asset Renewal Funding Ratio**

- What? Net Present Value (NPV) of projected 10 year capital renewal funding outlays/NPV of projected 10 year capital renewal expenditures in an Asset Management Plan
- Why? Provides an indication of whether the agency can fund its projected renewal and replacement projects in the future
- Typical values are between 40 and 80 percent



## In The End...

- This type of information helps document needs and builds the case for additional funding
- It demonstrates a commitment to openness and accountability and invites both inspection and scrutiny
- It provides decision makers with the information they need to make informed decisions

## **It Helps Prevent**

- Establishing goals that can't be met
- Dramatic increases in unfunded needs
- Political influences
- Uninformed decision making

# If your information is being used to influence decisions,

Your pavement management system is a success!